Four cows have died of Texas fever at Champaign, Ills., and two dairy herds are sick.

The grain firm of Holden & Timber-lake, of Cincinnati, has suspended, with liabilities of \$15,000.

The failures in the United States for the past week are reported at 110, a de-crease of 22. A dispatch from Fort Leavenworth denies that the Cheyennes and Arra-pahoes have broken out at Reno.

Common stock of the Hannibal and St. Joseph road stood at 47 Monday, against a recent quotation of 85 to 90. Mrs. Ruth Freeland, who celebrated her 100th birthday last July, died Mon-day at Rapids City. III lay at Rapids City, Ill.

Hon. George R. Reeves, late speaker of the Texas house of representatives, is dying of hydrophobia at Sherman. The Dispatch has taken on board provisions for a month, giving rise to the belief that President Arthur intends to

Two young girls rode a twenty-mile race Wednesday at the Minneapolis fair, making the distance in forty-one min-

Bend Or, the famous racer, injured himself while being exercised, and his race with Eole for \$10,000 has been de-

Eight cattle have died of Texas fever in Sixmart, Maine, and the remainder of the herd has been isolated by the authorities.

thorities.

The residence of Major Phipps, the absconding superintendent of the Philadelphia almshouse, was found to conceal public supplies valued at \$10,000.

Frank McHolland, a mining superintendent well known in Colorado and New Mexico, committed suicide at Valuella. Movies.

tecillo, Mexico. Robert P. Porter, of the tariff com-mission, wants to be chief of the bu-reau of statistics, and is encouraged in his aspirations by some strong backers. In the Maine insane asylum Captain William H. Alexander, of Richmond, was strangled by Edward E. Smart, of

Hostilities have ceased on the fron-tier between Greece and Turkey. The losses on both sides were nearly five hundred killed or wounded.

Early Sunday morning Byron Smith, agent of the Adams Express Company at Salem, Ohio, put a bullet through his brain for no known reason.

The wheat crop of the country for the year is estimated by a New York commercial journal at 526,400,000 bush-

General Oteso, a Mexican senator, is confident that by October 15 the last rail of the road linking the two republies will have been completed. By order of Secretary Lincoln, Okla-

homa Payne and his accomplices will be handed over to the civil authorities, to be tried at Fort Smith. Confederate bonds are again being bought by brokers in Richmond, Va.,

\$7.50 per \$1,000 having been paid Thurs-John P. Reynolds having resigned the chief grain inspectorship at Chica-go, P. Bird Price has been appointed by Governor Cullom.

The Reading Railroad and Coal com-pany have executed a joint mortgage for \$100,000,000 to secure the payment

An invitation to attend the centennial meeting on the Webster farm at Marshfield, Mass., in October, has been accepted by President Arthur.

Rev. Moses Bayles, who died Thursday in Indianapolis, bought his freedom for \$300 and gave himself a clerical education. Denver merchants gave a barbecue

Wednesday to their customers in the territories, four thousand being seated at the first table.

Western Texas has again been flooded by rains. At Eagle Pass the greater part of the business quarter is submerged. The Buffalo, Pittsburg and Western road has extended its tracks from Broc-ton to Buffalo, and will soon commence

ton to Bullialo, and will soon commence running through trains.

Six of the Sioux chiefs captured by Major Ilges two years ago have this season raised some fine crops on the reservation at Fort Yates, and will send samples to the military chieftains.

Billy Lynn, of Silver Cliff, Col., and Joe Silvers, of Albany, fought a prize-fight in the former city Sunday. Silvers was knocked senseless in the fourth round.

John Paul, city marshal of Mount Vernon, Indiana, in attempting to en-force the liquor law, was brutally beat-en by roughs, who subsequently burned his house.

The Flatheads have agreed with a government commission to give the right of way through their reservation in western Montana to the Northern Pacific road for \$16,000.

The emperor and empress of Russia, after witnessing military maneuvers at Ishora, drove over a bridge across a avine, which fell immediately after-

L. D. Ross, a ticket-scalper of Kan-sas City, has been jailed for issuing forged tickets to the amount of \$25,000 on the Missouri Pacific, Santa Fe, and Union Pacific roads.

Captain Payne and twenty of his land pirates are in the guard-house at Fort Reno, awaiting escort to Fort Smith. Payne resisted the troops, and was bound and brought in by a wagon.

An armistice has been concluded between the Greeks and Turks on the frontier of Thessalv, and negotiations for a definite settlement of the issue are in progress.

are in progress.

A negro named Winston Wade criminally assaulted a respectable white woman near Union City, Tennessee, for which he was lynched by a mob of one

which he was lynched by a mob of one hundred men.

All the heavy work on the Panama Canal has been stopped, though the rainfall thus far has been light. Fever incapacitates the workmen from performing their labors.

Miss Frengel, residing in North St. Louis, has taken no solid food for three months, and her stomach will not retain liquors. She moves about all day, discharging light household duties.

Honesha, an Indian who has been in nearly all Victoria's raids, was captured on the Mescalero reservation and has been placed in the guard-house at Fort Leavenworth, whither he was escorted by a captain and four soldiers.

In the Vermont election the democrats and independents gained some sents in the legislature. Into F. Po-

land was elected to congress by about two thousand, one-fifth the regular re-publican, majority.

Mexicans by the score are flocking into Tombstone, Arizona, buying all the arms and ammunition that can be ob-tained, and hurrying back into Senora, where Governor Ortez has conscripted all able-bodied men.

The public debt decreased during August \$16,128,261. The interest-bearing obligations are \$1,437,603,750. The total debt is \$1,890,281,403, which the cash in the treasury would reduce to \$1,850,081,170.

Dewitt C. Rush, the retiring city treasurer of South Bend, Ind., fled, leaving a deficit of from \$15,000 to \$40,000. He lived very economically, but used the money in politics and in generous aid to friends.

General Sherman requests that General McDowell be ordered to his home in New York, preparatory to his retirement in October, and that General Schofield be placed in command at San

The democrats of Nevada nominated Jewett W. Adams for governor. The platform calls for the passage of the Reagan bill by congress and for state legislation to regulate freights and fares on railroads.

Dysentery has become almost epidem ic at Ashburnham, Mass., owing to the impure condition of drinking water.— Several deaths have occurred, and Rev. M. D. Fiske is among those seriously

The Senev syndicate, which constructed the New York, Chicago and St. Louis road, has decided upon an aggressive policy to secure through traffic, and talks loudly about a break in freight and passenger rates.

One hundred and three new cases of yellow fever and five deaths were re-ported at Brownsville Sunday. There are thirty fever patients at Point Isa-bel, and but few new cases at Mata-

Fifty persons were killed and many injured by a train leaving the rails at Hugstetten, Germany. Nineteen car-riages were shattered. It seems that a telegraph pole was struck by lightning and fell across the track.

A duel was expected between General Chalmers and Van H. Manning, rival candidates for congress in Mississippi. They spent Sunday at Holly Springs in exchanging hostile notes, but subsequently settled the points at issue.

Gould has abolished the office of general managers of the settlers are settlers.

eral manager of his southwestern roads. H. M. Hoxie will have charge of the traffic and land departments, and A. A. Talmage will be general transportation manager.

A band of four hundred Cheyennes

is encamped in the region of Las Animas, Col., and will cross the Arkansas river at Grenada. These Indians are on the way to Pine Ridge agency, without provisions, but are very orderly.

Robert Tennant, an English capital-ist had an interview with the marquis of Lorne, at Niagara Falls, in regard to the erection of a grand hotel on the Canadian side and the creation of a mammoth pleasure park.

Richard Revell, a counterfeiter, was arrested at Monroe, Iowa, by Deputy Marshal Vermilyea. The prisoner leaped from a buggy and endeavored to kill the officer, but received a bullet through the heart. Lieutenant Schwatka procured a war-

rant at Washington for the arrest of a claim agent named W. P. Hanscom, who had collected, but failed to hand over, \$2,250, but the matter was compromised.

The products of Texas for the year ending with August have been care-fully computed by a Galveston journal at \$97,380,458. Within the same period 1,461 miles of railroad were built, at an estimated cost of \$45,520,000. The Boston express on the Benning-

ton and Rutland road was wrecked, Tuesday night, at East Dorset, Ver-mont, where some villain had pulled the switch bolt. The locomotive plow-ed into a gravel bank. The engineer was badly bruised and the conductor was flung over eight seats in a coach.

A fast mail train on the New York Central road struck the village omni-bus at Ilion. Albert P. Redway, a dry-goods merchant, was horribly mangled, being thrown one hundred feet; two men were seriously injured, and three slightly bruised. The 'bus driver mis-took the train for the Atlantic express, which stops at the station. which stops at the station.

A sensation has been created in Montreal by the escape of three noted burglars from the strongest wing of the city prison, probably by the aid of a watchman. Their names are McKay, McBride, and Flannagan, and they are said to be well known to Chicago detectives.

Sunday morning, at Mexico, Mo.. George Green, who had been divorced from his wife, but was permitted to see his children occasionally, had the boy and girl, aged 4 and 2 years, respectively, brought to his place of residence where he shot them dead, and on being pursued fired a bullet into his own brain.

The British team of riflemen, headed by Sir Henry Halford, reached New York Sunday and were warmly greeted by the members of the American Rifle association. They have taken up their quarters at a hotel close to the range at Creedmoor, and will at once commence

quarters at a notel close to the range at Creedmoor, and will at once commence practice.

The republicans of California nominated M. M. Estee for governor, A. R. Conklin for lieutenant governor, and John Hunt and S. C. Denison for justices of the supreme court. The platform demands congressional legislation in regard to inter-state traffic, and opposes further subsidies to railroads.

The Utah commissioners, in appointing registers for twenty-four counties, have selected seven gentiles, nine apostate Mormons, and eight Mormons, Judge Hoge, a democrat, receiving the appointment for Salt Lake county.

Augustus Kountze, a New York banker, has been chosen president of the Boston, Hoosac Tunnel and Western road. The Santa Fe party has completed its purchase of the Leavenworth, Topeka, and Southwestern road, which was wanted by the Rock Island.

Delegates from fifty-eight lodges of

Delegates from fifty-eight lodges of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers held a secret session for six hours in Pittsburg Monday, and unanimously decided to continue the strike for \$6 per ton. They have been idle since June 1.

John Neely, who died in New York Monday, has for thirty-one years been messenger for the treasurer of the New York Central road, and has safely carried hundreds of millions of dollars from the offices of the company to the banks.

colonel Jasper H. Moss, vice president of the committee of arrangements for the reunion of federal soldiers and sailors at Topeka, has sent to General James Marmaduke a cordial invitation to the ex-confederates of Missouri.

rexas, and Arkansas to participate in

the gathering. The Knight Templar drill at Indian-apolis between St. Bernard command-ery, of Chicago, and Roper command-ery, of the former city, was witnessed by ten thousand persons. The prize banner was awarded to the Chicagoans, and Commander Purinton was carried about the hotel on the shoulders of his

men.

The complications growing out of the gubernatorial campaign in New York have caused the retirement of George Dawson from the editorship of the Albany Evening Journal. Conkling now opposes the candidacy of Secretary Folger. Out of 89 delegates thus far chosen, 30 are for Cornell and 28 for Folger.

General E. S. Bragg was on Tuesday arrested in Milwaukee, and held in \$2,000, on the suit of John A. Rice, of \$2,000, on the suit of John A. Rice, of Chicago, to recover \$1,250 advanced on drafts which were not honored. The general was on the point of leaving for the congressional convention in his dis-trict, and it is charged that the step was taken to prevent his renomination.

Six weeks ago George L. Davidson of Brooklyn, married a daughter of Mr. Baldwin, of Paterson, formerly judge of the supreme court of New Jersey. They went to the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York, Wednesday, and got Dr. Theodore G. Kenny, of Paterson, to produce an abortion for \$2,000. The facts were speedily traced out, and the husband and physician were locked up at the Central station.

Stephen J. Meany, who is alleged to be acting under instructions from the government of the United States, has government of the United States, has notified the resident magistrate at Ennis, Ireland, that he surrenders his recognizances and holds himself under parole for thirty-six hours. His bondsmen have requested to be absolved from responsibility, and offer to hand him over to the police, at his request.

A committee of the Chicago board of trade, which has been taking testimony in regard to the value of defaulting No. 2 spring wheat for July, reported \$1.35 as the proper price at the close of that menth. While the decision called out telegrams of approval from all parts of

telegrams of approval from all parts of the country, two bills were immediate-ly filed in the superior court for injunc-tions against the enforcement of the price fixed, and twenty-five other par-ties will commence similar proceed-

It is stated that beside the immediate contractors with the g.vernment for certain privileges in the Yellow-stone Park, Rufus Hatch and a number of other persons are interested in the project. A member of the company makes the statement that everything will be in readiness at the opening of next season, and to that end work will be pushed forward on the various buildings for the proper entertainment of the numerous visitors expected.

The Bedouins continue to intrench on the Aboukir side of Alexandria, in close proximity to the British outposts. The khedive has given permission to cut the dikes at Meks, preventing an attack by the enemy from Meriout lake. Colonel Salabad, the new Russian consul general, had an interview with the khedive, and will proceed to Ismailia. The populace at Cairo continues to menace the few Europeans remaining, and there are fears that the prefect of police will be unable to maintain order. General Wolseley has telegraphed to London that he will not need the services of the third army need the services of the third army corps; that his troops are in good spir-its, and supplies plentiful. De Lesseps says he simply acted in Egypt as the defender of a work of civilization, and defender of a work of civilization, and recommends the action of Arabi Pasha regarding the canal. The European population is in great danger at Cairo from the mob, who threaten extirpation and wholesale plunder.

The Anglo-Turkish military conven-tion has at last been signed. Mahmoud Fehmy, the captured chief of staff of Arabi Pasha, has revealed to the khe-dive the positions and strength of the enemy. Nine locomotives are en route to Ismailia from Suez and Port Said, which will aid greatly in transporting British troops and supplies. A dispatch from Ismailia reports that Salihiyeh British troops and supplies. A dispatch from Ismailia reports that Salihiyeh has been abandoned, while advices from Alexandria are to the effect that over eight thousand Arabs are fortifying the city. Large numbers of Bedouins have been seen on the banks of the Suez canal. A native of Alexandria who murdered two Egyptians will be hanged next Thursday, a placard stating the cause being attached to the gallows. Victor de Lesseps reports that General Wolseley accepted for the British government the responsibility for damage to the traffic of the Suez canal. A body of one hundred English marines raided the village between Alexandria and Meks and arrested all suspicious persons. Four Bedouins caught plundering in Ramleh were sentenced plundering in Ramleh were sentenced to death. Orders have been received at Woolwich, England, to dispatch four thousand more men to Egypt. The sultan has finally issued a recolamation declaring Arabi Pasha a rebel for disobeying the khedive and Dervish Pasha, and exhorting all Egyptians to obey the khedive. General Wolseley is trying to oversign a system of survey. trying to organize a system of supply for the field force. It is rumored that Arabi Pasha has brought heavy guns from Cairo to Tel-el-Kebir, to silence the British forty-pounders on the armed

WASHINGTON NOTES.

It is stated at the treasury department that one of the incoming collectors of internal revenue is so superstitious that he objected to taking possession of his office on the 1st prox., because the date fell on Friday.

Public Printer Rounds will make a desperate effort this year to get the hundreds of thousands of copies of the annual report of the Commissioner of Agriculture out on time. There has been much complaint over the delays of the printing office in this respect in the past. Sometimes the reports have not been printed for two or three years after they were issued.

In a letter to Secretary Folger on the

have not been printed for two or three years after they were issued.

In a letter to Secretary Folger on the work of the Internal Revenue for the past year. Commissioner Raum reports that the entire collections of the 125 offices throughout the United States amounted to \$146,-520,273.07, and during the past six years the collections have aggregated \$748,831,071.01.

The expenses of collection for the last fiscal year, including the expenses of the Commissioner's office in Washington, will be found on a final adjustment not to exceed \$5,108,300, or less than 3½ per cent. on the amount collected. The expenses of collection for six years have been about \$27,087,087,300, or 36-10 per cent. on the amount collected. This sum has been disbursed without loss to the government. From special reports of collectors in respect to the condition of the service throughout the country, there is no reason to believe that any combinations exist to defraud the (government of its taxes. The fraudulent combinations heretofore prevailing in certain districts for the lilicit manufacture and sale of whisky and tobacco have been broken up. The relations existing between the officer of the government and the taxpavers are

harmonious, and there is a general disposi-tion on the part of the people to comply with the internal revenue laws. The re-ceipts from revenue on spirits for the past year have been \$62,873,48.18, an increase over the total for 1881 of \$2,719,483.30; from tobacco, \$47,391,188.90, an increase of \$4,-529,997,69; fermented liquors, \$16,153,920.32, an increase of \$2,483,679.21; banks and bankers, \$5,234,458.57, an increase of \$1,-491,290.40; miscellaneous, \$7,847,497.73, an increase of \$89,000.90. The aggregate of the increase of receipts for the year is \$11,-290,301.41. 290,361.41.

CLEANING THE WHITE HOUSE CHANDE-

The most delicate and laborious part of LIEUS. The most delicate and laborious part of the house-cleaning now going on at the white house is the cleaning of the three huge crystal and silver chandeliers which light the east room. Each of them contains about six thousand separate pieces of glass, which one by one are being cleaned and polished by hand. The work has been intrusted to four skilled mechanics, and will occupy about two weeks.

Guiteau's skeleton is now at the national army medical museum in this city, but will not be exhibited to the public. The final disposition of the bones of the assassin has not yet been determined upon and can not be until Judge Hagner decides as to the validity of Guiteau's will, in which he bequeathed his body to Dr. Hieks. The experts who were engaged in the microscopical examination of Guiteau's brain have completed their work. It is understood they already disagree in their conclusions respecting his sanity, and there will probably be two reports rendered. GUITEAU'S SKELETON.

Commodore Upshur, of Brooklyn navyyard, Wednesday received an order from the secretary of the navy to officially receive Chief Engineer Melville and the other survivors of the Jeannette Arctic expedition when they arrive here next week. The commodore has detailed his aide, Lieut. Sacques, to represent him upon the arrival of the Parthia on Wednesday next, to deliver to Mr. Melville the orders and instructions of the navy department, and to extend hospitality. A naval line officer said Tuesday: "It is our intention to give Mr. Melville a hearty reception. He not only successfully brought the men of his command to the shore, but immediately and resolutely turned back to the land of so many hardships and dangers to find the bodies of his late companions." THE JEANNETTE'S CREW.

SHERMAN ON WOLSELEY.

SHERMAN ON WOLSELEY.

Gen. Sherman, on being interrogated in regard to the news from the east, said that Sir Garnet Wolseley is not only a soldier of great ability, but that his late movement upon Ismailia was equal to a thing of a similar character undertaken by the first Napoleon. It will be remembered that Gen. Sherman, not many years since, visited the scene of the present hostilities in Egypt, is feetly familiar with the theater of operations, and during our civil war had a great deal of experience in flank movements. He says that Wolseley showed great nerve in taking the sacred bull by the horns, so to speak, without waiting for the result of negotiations at Constantinople. "Ah, he is a great soldier, that Wolseley," said the general enthusiastically, "a great soldier. The English people will pay him well, and he knows it."

A pungent and suggestive little letter, written by Postmaster General Howe to Mr. George T. Dowling last January, has just been made public. It seems that some of Mr. Dowling's friends had "suggested" him for appointment as postmaster at Newport, R. L., and Mr. Dowling had expressed himself as not by any means averse to accepting the position. To him, thereupon Mr. Howe wrote: "The term of the present incumbent will not expire until December next. Substantially, you see, the recommendation is to remove Mr. Coggeshall and appoint yourself. The only reason assigned is that the incumbent is white and that you are colored. That would be regarded as discrimination in favor of color rather than against it. I think you and your friends, as well as the administration, would like to avoid such an imputation."

AN ASPIRING OFFICE-SEEKER.

Mr. Robert P. Porter is a man of aspirations. It is but two years since he was a reporter on a Chicago paper. When the census bureau opened he was appointed chief of the division of debt, wealth, and taxation at a salary of \$3,500 a year. This position he still holds. When the tariff commission was formed he was made a member at \$10 a day and his expenses. He is now reported to be an assidnous applicant for the position of chief of the bureau of statistics, which is now filled by Mr. Joseph Nimmo, Jr., who has held the office for some years, and is eminently qualified to conduct its details, which are considered the most important in the treasury department. There are strong forces working in Mr. Porter's interest, and it is more than probable that before the tariff commission closes its labors he may step in as chief of AN ASPIRING OFFICE-SEEKER. closes its labors he may step in as chief of

GRANT'S MENICAN COMMISSION.

The state department knows nothing of the reported disinclination of Gen. Grant to serve as a special commissioner with Mr. W. H. Trescott, to negotiate a new commercial treaty with Mexico. So far as the state department knows, Gen. Grant and Mr. Trescott will both be in Washington as soon as their instructions are ready, which will probably not be until the president returns. It was understood in Washington on the day that Grant and Trescott were nominated that Grant's nomination was a result of a visit to him in New York on the preceding day by Senor Romero, the Mexican minister here, the friend and partner of Grant. The probability is that Grant will serve, and that Romero will be the Mexican commissioner, with possibly one or two assistants. Grant and Romero are both personally interested in the conclusion of a new and satisfactory treaty with Mexico, covering commercial reciprocity, more effective extradition, and a more permanent boundary line. GRANT'S MEXICAN COMMISSION. boundary line. THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

Public Printer Rounds says that the printing of the United States census report of 1850 is the largest single job of printing ever done in this country, as it involves over thirty-five millions of impressions. A bookpress is now being constructed in New York for the government printing office which will print and fold 10,000 sheets per hour. This press, when completed and put up, will be used for printing the Congressional Record by night and the census reports and other work by day. Mr. Rounds claims that with new presses and the reforms he has made and will accomplish in the conduct of the business of the great printing house under his charge, and with an appropriation of \$150,000 less than the last fiscal year, he confidently expects to get through with the year's work without having to call on congress for any deficiency appropriations, and this notwithstanding the fact that there is an increase in the quantity of work to be done of fully 30 per cent. compared with that of last year.

THE GUITEAU REPORT.

Dr. Lamb on Monday received the report of the microscopical experts, Drs. Arnold, Shakespeare, and McConnell, containing the result of their investigations into the condition of Guiteau's brain. After careful consideration the report was indorsed by Dr. Lamb and forwarded to Philadelphia, where it will be published in a medical journal. The report is couched in language more technical than the report of the surgical autopsy, and will necessarily be almost unintelligible to the average reader. Dr. Lamb declined to express any opinion which he may hold as the result of the examination, saying that from his position and connection with the case it might be given greater prominence than it deserved. He would say, however, that the position taken by Dr. Godding, that Guiteau was insane, would be materially supported by this report. The investigation had been made under peculiarly favorable circumstances, and the result would form a complete record of immense value to brain students. The investigation, indeed, said Dr. Lamb, had been so complete and thorough that specialists would have great difficulty in finding cases which might properly serve as a basic THE GUITEAU REPORT.

did not believe the report would cause any change of opinion as to Guiteau's sanity, to any great extent, but the medical fraternity generally must draw their own conclusions, as this was the court of last resort.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT. The public debt statement, Sept. 1, is follows:
Extended six per cent. bonds....
Extended five per cent. bonds...
Four and a half per cent. bonds
Four per cents.
Refunding certificates...
Navy pension fund.... . \$1,437,666,750 12,472,725

Total debt bearing no interest	\$440.294,427
Total debt	1,800.281,403
Total interest.	11,603.287
Debt less cash in treasury	1,658,493,171
Decrease since June 25, 1882	29,088,288
Currant liabilities	16,128,231
Debt on which interest has ceased linterest thereon	500,351
Total debt bearing no interest	1,226,080
Total interest has ceased linterest thereon	500,351
Total debt bearing no interest	1,226,080
Total debt	1,226,080
Total interest	1, posit. Cash balance available Sept. 1, 1882 12,000,000

Cash in treasury.

Cash in treasury.

Bonds issued to Pacific railway companies, interest payable in lawful money — principal outstanding.
Interest accrued and not yet paid.
Interest paid by United States.
Interest repaid by companies by
transportation service.
By cash payments at 5 per cent., net earnings
Balance of interest paid by United
States.
THE WHEAT CROP.

THE WHEAT CROP.

The table given below, giving the yield of the United States, is based on some 2,000 reports as to the condition and outturn of wheat in the principal cereal-growing States of the United States. These returns point to an increased yield over that of 1881 of 20 per cent., due to the increase of acreage and the improved yield. Last year the yield of wheat in the Southern States was reported at 40,000,000 bushels. This year it is 48,500,000 bushels. In Illinois, the quality of wheat is much better than the average, and has seldom, if ever, graded more uniformly high throughout Illinois. The crop was saved in good condition and either threshed or stacked immediately after har vest. The wheat acreage of Ohlo, the first of the Western States in geographical order does not differ materially from the area sown last year. On an increased acreage the wheat fields of Michigan promised most abundant results up to July 31, when rain of almost purposed.

Total yield of wheat...... 526,400,000

According to the exhaustive summary of M. Estiennes' annual review of the markets of the world, issued at Marseilles, Spain is the only country in the Northern hemisphere from which the reports are unfavorable. In France, crops of all grains are above the average. England, taking 100 as the average, shows the following result: wheat 92.2, barley 95.4, oats 105.1, roots 107.1, potatoes 96.4. The wheat crop will probably be 10,000,000 quarters for consumption, leaving 14,000,000 quarters to be supplied from foreign countries. The London Times summarizing these results says: "Never during the time since these reports were collected has the harvest in the Northern hemisphere been so good all round. We usually had to report a deficiency either in Europe or America. This year there is absolutely none. The world has over an average harvest, and with such a harvest the year is likely to be one of cheap abundance.

Reports on the condition of the corn crop Total yield of wheat 526,400,000

Reports on the condition of the corn crop from 445 points, covering all the great corn-growing states, make the following show-ing:

I. The corn has not only eared well, but has filled well.
2. The movement for September will be light.
3. The surplus corn has not been reduced.
4. Corn ought to be safe in two or three

Master Tommy (he had been very naughty, and was now amusing hims if with his Scripture prints)—"Here's Daniel in the lions' den!" Mamma (incautiously)—"Ah! What was he east in the lions' den for?" Master Tommy (with triumph)—"Cause he was good."

Said a romantic young man to a matter-of-fact boatman, "What a sublime sight it is, such a vast expanse of water!"
To which the matter-of-fact boatman replied, "Well, I dunno. But I think a little expanse of brandy and water would strike me a deal sublimer.'

They were speaking about crania at the corner grocery last evening. "I hold," said a pompous young man, "that a man with a big head is just as apt to be a durned fool as a man with a small head." "True," replied an aged philosopher, who was holding down the cover to the sugar-barrel, "but he generally knows it and don't give himself erally knows it, and don't give himself

One of the young men who was fined in the police court Tuesday morning for fighting, received in change when pay-ing his fine a mutilated one cent piece, which he has buffed off smooth on one side and had the inscription "Police Court, June 12-815.12," engraved upon it. When the young man feels at all pugilistic, he will just put his hand in his pocket, produce the souvenir, and he will immediately ejaculate, "Nixey." -New Haven Register.

GENERAL MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Lower; Sept. 984/46884c; October, 944/46944c; the year, 954/46384c; October, 974/46754c; the year, 574/46574c; October, 974/46754c; the year, 574/46574c; OATS.—Lower; Sept., 354/46384c; Oct., 324/46324c; the year, 324/46324c; the year, 626/63c; the year, 626

RYE.—Firm; Sept., 62@63c; the year, 62c.

RYE.—Firm; Sept., 62@63c; the year, 62c.

Provisions.—Mess Pork lower; Sept., 821.836(21.32)4; October, 821.326(21.32)4; the year, 819.00@19.02)4. Lard—Steady; September sold at \$11.806(12.82)4; Oct., \$11.82)4 (@11.85; the year, \$11.77)4(@11.80).

CATILE.—Market firm. We quote:
Fancy heavy export steers. \$7.00@7.25 (Choice fat s

NEW YORK.
WHEAT.—Lower; No. 2 Sept., \$1.1014
1.1014; October, \$1.1194@1.1194; November,
\$1.1234@1.1334. Corn.—Quiet; Mixed Western Spot, \$3(0.80)4e.

CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI.

FLOUR.—Market quiet; Family, \$4.69@
4.90. WHEAT—Firm; No. 2 Red Winter,
96@98c. Corn.—Lower; No. 2 Mixed,
73½c. OATS.—Lower; No. 2 Mixed, 35c.
RYE.—Quiet; No. 2 Fall, 68c. Provisions
—Pork duil at \$25.00. Lard quiet at \$12.20.
Bulk Meats firm; Clear sides \$10.00@14.00.
Bacon dull; Clear sides \$15.50.

WHEAT.—Higher; September, 98¼; October, 95½c; November, 95½c; No. 3, 84c.—Corn.—Tame at 73½c for No. 2. OATS.—Firm; No. 2. White, 37c. Rye.—Lower; 62c No. 1. BARLEY.—Higher at 75c for

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT.—Higher: No. 2 Red Sept., 96%@
97%c: October, 96%@97%c: November, 90%.
Corn.—Lower: Sept., 68@68%c; October,
95%@66c: November, 66@66%c. Oats—
Higher: Sept., 32@32%c; Oct., 32%@32%c;
the year 31%@31%c. Rys—Lower at 60c.—
Barley.—Steady at 80c@81.05. Provisions.—Pork lower at 821.50. Dry Salt Meats quiet at 10.00, 18.90, 14.40. Bacon steady at \$11.25, 15.25, 15.62%. Lard lower;
\$11.90. Hogs—Higher: Yorkers, \$8,20@
8.40; butchers' to best heavy, \$8.50@9.00.

BALTIMORE. BALTIMORE.
FLOUR.—Quiet; Western Superfine, \$3.00
@3.25; do. extra, \$4.00@5.00; Family, \$5.25
@6.50. Wheat—Western lower; No. 2
Winter Red Spot and Sept., \$1.104@1.1094;
Oct., \$1.10@1.1094; November, \$1.114@
1.1136. Corn.—Western lower; Mixed Spot
and September, \$1@8134c; October, 78@
784c. Oats.—Lower; Western White,
42@44c; Mixed do. 39@40. Rye—Lower at
640@55c.

BOSTON.

Woot.—Steady and firm, with good demand from manufacturers; Ohio and Pennsylvania, 40@42c; Michigan 38440c; No. 1 fleeces, 42a45c; combing delaine, 44a48c; unwashed fleeces, 18a35c; pulled, 25a45c.

E. W. VOIGT'S Celebrated Lager Beer is BEST WATER, CANADA BARLEY MALT,
RICE and HOPS which can be obtained.
Anybody who can prove to the contrary will
receive a reward of \$10.000.

E. W. VOGIT, BREWER

Examination of Teachers.

The appointments for the examination of teachers in Shiawassee county, for the Fall of 1882, are us

follows:

Regular Semi-Annual Examination at Corunna, Friday, Oct. 27.

At Vernon, Saturday, Sept. D.

At Ovosco, Saturday, Oct. 21.

At Byron, Saturday, Nov. 48.

Examination to begin promptly at 8 o'clock a. m. Fees for private examinations in all cases \$7,00.

Applicants for certificates must pass a satisfactory examination in orthography, reading, penumanhip, geography, grammar, arithmetic, theory and art of teaching, U. S. History and civil government.

Any further information may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the County Board.

Vernon, Aug. 22, 1882.

By order of the Board of Examiners,

GEO, W. SICKLES, Sec.

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